



# Wildlife Wonders - Teacher Pre-visit information

### **Concepts**

Animals fascinate young children. This program introduces children to common kinds of animals with emphasis placed on the five vertebrate groups.

### Program Activities

The indoor introduction distinguishes how mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians and fish differ from each other based on how they breathe, what characteristics they have on their bodies (feathers, scales, etc.), and whether they lay eggs or have live young. Older grades address what it means to be cold- or warm-blooded.

The outdoor hike will focus on signs of animals' seasonal activities and will include hands-on activities using biofacts and an animal/vertebrate group matching game.

## Pre-visit Suggestions

Read Animal Fact/Animal Fable by Seymour Simon

Watch or discuss how animals are portrayed in cartoons or movies. Are the depictions accurate?

Try an animal oriented "Show and Tell"

## **Vocabulary**

**Vertebrate** – an animal with a backbone.

**Cold-blooded** – takes on the temperature of the environment

**Warm-blooded** – can keep the inside of the body warm and maintain a constant temperature

**Amphibian**— a cold-blooded animal without scales that spends the first part of its life in the water and the second part of its life on land.

**Bird**— a warm-blooded animal that is covered by feathers.

**Fish** – a cold-blooded animal that lives in the water, breathes with gills, and is covered with slimy scales.

**Mammal** – a warm-blooded animal that is covered with fur or hair.

**Reptile** – a cold-blooded animal that has dry scales.





## Wildlife Wonders - Teacher Post-visit information

#### Dear Teacher,

We hope you enjoyed your recent field trip to the Robinson Nature Center. To help with followup in the classroom, we have developed the following post-visit materials:

- 1) Follow-up discussion
- 2) Follow-up activities

#### Follow-up Discussion

- 1) Review the difference between tame and wild animals
  - a. A tame animal (pet or farm) depends on people for food, water and shelter
  - b. A wild animal must find its own food, shelter and water to survive
- 2) Review the difference between cold- and warm-blooded
  - a. A cold-blooded animal takes on the temperature of its surroundings
  - b. A warm-blooded animal can keep the inside of its body warm by converting food into energy
- 3) Review the five kinds of vertebrate groups
  - a. Mammals fur or hair, warm-blooded, live birth
  - b. Birds feathers, wings, beaks, warm-blooded, lay eggs
  - c. Fish gills and fins, wet scales, cold-blooded, lay eggs
  - d. Reptiles dry scales, cold-blooded, some lay eggs, some have live birth
  - e. Amphibians live in water as young (have gills), live on land as adults (have lungs and breathe air)
- 4) Give examples of each kind of vertebrate and where they would live

## Follow-up Activities

Wildlife Collages – Use magazine pictures to create a large wildlife collage in the classroom. Have each student look for, cut out, and paste animal pictures onto the collage. Try making five collages – one for each kind of vertebrate.

Vertebrate Characteristics Chart – Make a chart that emphasizes the basic characteristics of each vertebrate group. Make a heading for each section (mammals, birds, fish, reptiles and amphibians) and under the headings, list some of the traits that these groups of animals have. Students can also draw pictures for examples under each group.



### **Bibliography**

A Child's Book of Snakes, Lizards, and Other Reptiles by Kathleen N. Daly

A First Look at Birds by Millicent Selsam and Joyce Hunt

A First Look at Frogs and Salamanders by Millicent Selsam

A First Look at Animals With Backbones by Millicent Selsam and Joyce Hunt

Discovering Frogs by Douglas Florian

Fish by Christine Sharr

Fish Are Animals by Judith Holloway and Clive Harper

If You Were a Fish by S.J. Calder

It Could Still Be a Fish by Allan Fowler

It Could Still Be a Mammal by Allan Fowler

Let's Find Out About Birds by Martha and Charles Shapp

Reptiles and Amphibians by Joanne Mattern

The Life Cycle of a Frog by John Williams

The Skeleton Book-An Inside Look at Animals by Madeline Livaudais and Robert Dunne

What Makes a Bird a Bird? by May Garelick

Whose Baby? by Masayuhi Yabuuchi

Whose Footprints? by Masayuhi Yabuuchi



